

The Newport Mercury

VOL. LXXXVI }

NEWPORT, R. I., SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 19, 1847.

{ NO. 4443.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY

J. H. BARBER & SON.

No. 133 Thames Street.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum.

Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion. Yearly Advertisers can make contracts on liberal terms. All advertisements will be continued until forbidden when no particular time is specified, and will be charged for accordingly. The circulation which the Mercury enjoys, renders it a valuable medium for Advertising.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Publishers) until arrearages are paid.

JOB PRINTING.

Handbills, Steamboat Bills, Shop Bills, Sign Bills, Circulars, Tax Bills, Labels, Checks, Blankets of all kinds, Engine Notices, &c.

LARGE SHOW BILLS, for Concerts, Lectures, Public Meetings, Exhibitions, &c. &c.

EXECUTED AT THE—

MERCURY OFFICE,

No. 133 THAMES ST.

At prices which cannot fail of meriting a share of public patronage.

The favors of the old Patrons are respectfully solicited.

Weekly Almanac.

JUNE.	SUN.	SUN.	MOON.	HIGH.
1847.	RISES.	SETS.	SETS.	WATER.
19 SATURDAY,	4 28.7	32.11	30.0	45
20 SUNDAY,	4 28.7	32.11	58.1	27
21 MONDAY,	4 28.7	32.11	58.1	27
22 TUESDAY,	4 28.7	32.0	57.2	53
23 WEDNESDAY,	4 28.7	32.0	57.3	37
24 THURSDAY,	4 28.7	32.1	58.4	24
25 FRIDAY,	4 28.7	32.2	4.5	14

Moon's 1st qt. 20th day, 2d hour, 48m. evening.

POST OFFICE Arrangement.

MAILS CLOSE,

PROVIDENCE, Daily, 8 A. M. 12 P. M.
BOSTON, do do do do do do do do do do
NEW YORK, do do do do do do do do do do
FALL RIVER, twice a day, 8 A. M. & 12 P. M.
WESTPORT, Tuesdays and Fridays, 8 A. M.
NEW SHORHAM, Fridays, 8 A. M.
Office open till 8 P. M.
JOSEPH JOSLEN, Post Master.

DISCOUNT DAYS,

At the several Banks in this Town.

MERCHANTS BANK, on Monday afternoon.

NEWPORT EXCHANGE BANK, on Monday evening.

NEWPORT BANK, on Tuesday afternoon.

NEW ENGLAND COMMERCIAL BANK, on Tuesday afternoon.

RHODE ISLAND UNION BANK, on Wednesday morning.

BANK OF RHODE ISLAND, on Thursday afternoon.

TRADERS BANK, on Thursday evening.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

Office Hours.

From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.

EDWIN WILBUR, Collector.

This Day,

Will be opened and for sale, a large assortment of

NEW GOODS,

AT NO. 154 THAMES STREET.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, comprising all the most desirable Styles and colours of French Lawns and Muslins, Plain White Book, Swiss & Sacarilla do., Oregon and French Gingham, Oregon Plaids, the best quality for 25 cents per yard, White Jacquet Canaries, M. de Laines from 12 1/2 to 25 cents per yard.

NEW STYLES OF SUMMER PRINTS.—Pinks, Blues, Chocolate, Fawn and Brown Mermaid do., Gingham, Alpaca, Victoria Robes, Embossed Wool Table Covers, Brown Linen do., White do. do.

SHAWLS, in great varieties, and low prices. Curtain Muslins at 12 1/2 cents per yard. Together with a large assortment of STAPLE and FANCY GOODS, Embroideries, &c. &c. &c. The above named Goods will be offered at unusually LOW PRICES. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and give them an examination.

P. MOREY, 154 Thames street.

New Bonnets,

BONNET RIBBONS,

DRESS GOODS,

—AND—

DRY GOODS

Generally, are being opened at

JAMES HAMMOND'S.

FLOUR, in barrels and half barrels, just received and for sale by

WM. NEWTON,

150 Thames-street.

45 000 Choice Havana Segars of various kinds and qualities, for sale by

WM. NEWTON,

150 Thames-street.

POETS' CORNER.

I MISS THEE, LOVE!—WHEN ?

BY J. L. CIST.

"With thee my spirit strays
Amid the land and in the light
Of long lost yesterdays."

SIR JOHN MALCOLM.

I miss thee, my love!—when the morning's bright beam

From the earth chases darkness away :
I miss the soft light of thine eye's gentle gleam,
The sun that lit over my day :

When the lark his gay matin chants loudly and clear,

As he soars far above our faint ken—
When nature delights most the eye and the ear
With her beauty—I miss thee love then !

I miss thee at noon, love ! No more through the day,

Turning labor to love and delight,

Each care still to soften—each toil to repay,

Come the thought, "I shall see thee at night !"

Alone, o'er the path where with thee by my side,

I have wandered the happiest of men :

Dejected—I muse on the miles that divide

Now our footsteps—I miss thee love, then.

I miss thee at eve !—at the setting of sun,

When the day with its labor is o'er—

When its duties and cares and employment are done,

And weigh down the spirit no more ;

And still to that dearly loved spot I repair,

Where together so oft we have been ;

The place is the same, but ah ! thou art not there,

And I miss thee—I miss thee love then !

I never lie down on my pillow at night,

When fancy soars chainless and free,

But clear as the sunbeam—distinct as the light,

Come the vision of thee !

In dreams as I meet thee, no more love to part,

I kiss thee again and again :

I press thy loved form to this fond, faithful heart,

I awake !—ah I miss thee—love then !

TASTE FOR READING.—If I were to pray

for a taste that should stand by me in stead

under every variety of circumstances, and

be a source of happiness and cheerfulness

to me through life, and a shield against its

ills, however things might go amiss, and

the world from upon me, it would be a

taste for reading. I speak of it, of course,

only as a worldly advantage, and not in the

slightest degree derogating from the higher

office and sure and stronger panoply of re-

ligious principles, but as a taste, an instru-

ment, and a mode of pleasurable gratifica-

tion. Give a man this taste, and the means

of gratifying it, and you can hardly fail of

making him a happy man, unless, indeed,

you put into his hands a most perverse

selection of books. You place him in con-

tact with the best society in every period

of history ; with the wisest, the wittiest,

with the tenderest, the bravest, and the

purest characters who have adorned human-

ity. You make him a denizen of all na-

tions—a cotemporary of all ages. The

world has been created for him. It is hardly

possible but the character should take a

higher and better tone from the constant

habit of associating in thought with a class

of thinkers, to say the least of it, above the

average of humanity. It is morally impos-

sible but that the manners should take a

tinge of good breeding and civilization,

from having constantly before our eyes the

way in which the best bred and best infor-

med men have talked and conducted them-

selves in their intercourse with each other.

There is a gentle, but perfectly irresistible

coercion, in a habit of reading, well direct-

ed, over the whole tenor of a man's charac-

ter and conduct, which is not the less ef-

fectual because it works insensibly, and be-

cause it is really the last thing he dreams

of. It cannot be better summed up than in

the words of the Latin poet—"Emollit

mores, necsinit esse feros," it civilizes the

conduct of men, and suffers them not to

remain barbarous.—Sir J. Herschel.

SLANDER.—There is much truth in the

following scrap, which we find in an ex-

change paper :—

"It is a poor soul that cannot bear slander.

No decent man can get along without it—

at least none who are engaged in the busi-

ness pursuits of life. Have you had a bad

fellow in your employment and discharged

him—he goes round and slanders you ; let

your conduct be such as to excite the envy

of another, he goes round and slanders you.

In fine, we would not give a cent for a

person who is not slandered—he is either a

milksop or a fool. No, no, earn a bad

name by a bad fellow, (and you can easily

do so by correct conduct,) it is the only

way to prove you are entitled to a good

one."

SELECTED TALE.

The Strawberry Woman.

BY T. S. ARTHUR.

"Straw'rees ! Straw'rees !" cried a

poorly clad, tired-looking woman, about

eleven o'clock one sultry June morning.—

She was passing a handsome house in Wal-

nut street, into the windows of which she

looked earnestly, in the hope of seeing the

face of a customer. She did not look in

vain, for the shrill sound of her voice

brought forward a lady dressed, in a silk

morning-wrapper, who beckoned her to

stop. The woman lifted the heavy tray

from her head, and placing it upon the

door-step, sat wearily down.

"What's the price of your strawberries?"

asked the lady as she came to the door.

"Ten cents a box, madam. They are

right fresh."

"Ten cents !" replied the lady, in a tone

of surprise, drawing herself up and looking

grave. Then shaking her head, and com-

pressing her lips firmly, she added—

"I can't give ten cents for strawberries.

It's too much."

"You can't get such strawberries as these

for less, madam," said the woman. "I

got a levy a box for them yesterday."

"Then you got too much, that's all I

have to say. I never pay such prices. I

bought strawberries in market yesterday,

just as good as yours, for eight cents a box."

"I don't know how they do sell them at

price," returned the woman. "Mine cost

nearly eight cents, and ought to bring me

at least twelve. But I am willing to take

ten, so that I can sell out quickly. It's a

very hot day." And the woman wiped,

with her apron, the perspiration from her

growing face.

"No, I won't pay ten cents," said the

lady (!) coldly. "I'll give you forty cents

for five quarts, and no more."

"But, madam, they cost me within a

trifle of eight cents a quart."

I can't help that. You paid too much

for them, and this must be your loss, not

mine, if I buy your strawberries. I never

pay for other people's mistakes. I under-

stand the use of money much better than

that."

The poor woman did not feel very well.

The day was unusually hot and sultry, and

her tray felt heavier, and tired her more

than usual. Five boxes would lighten it,

and if she sold her berries at eight cents,

she would clear two cents and a half, and

that made her something.

"I'll tell you what I will do," said she,

after thinking a few moments ; "I don't feel

as well as usual to-day, and my tray is

heavy. Five boxes sold will be something.

You shall have them at nine cents. They

cost me seven and a half, and I am sure it's

worth a cent and a half a box to cry them

about the streets such hot weather as this."

"I have told you, my good woman, exactly

what I will do," said the customer, with

dignity. "If you are willing to take what

I offer you, say so, if not, we needn't stand

here any longer."

"Well, I suppose you will have to take

them," replied the strawberry-woman, see-

ing that there was no hope of doing better.

"But it's too little."

"It's enough," said the lady, as she turned

to call a servant. Five boxes of fine large

strawberries were received, and forty cents

I paid for them. The lady re-entered the

parlor, pleased at her good bargain, while

the poor woman turned from the door sad

and disheartened. She walked nearly the

distance of a square before she could trust

her voice to utter the monotonous cry of

"Straw'rees ! Straw'rees !"

"While I paid fifty for some not near so

good."

"I suppose you paid just what you were

asked ?"

"Yes, I always do that. I buy from one

woman during the season, who agrees to

furnish me at the regular market price."

"Which you will always find to be two

or three cents above what you can get them

for in the market."

"You always buy in market."

"I bought these from a woman at the

door."

"Did she only ask eight cents for them ?"

"Oh no ! She asked ten cents, and pre-

tended that she got twelve and a half for the

same quality of berries yesterday. But I

never give these people what they ask."

"While I never can find it in my heart

to ask a poor tired-looking woman at my

door, to take a cent less for her fruit than

she asks me. A cent or two, while it is of

little account to me, must be of great im-

portance to her."

"You are a very poor economist, I see,"

said Mrs. Mier. "If that is the way you

deal with every one, your husband no doubt

finds his expense account a very serious

item."

"I don't know about that. He never

complains. He allows me a certain sum

every week to keep the house, and find my

FOREIGN NEWS.

The British Mail Steamer *CAMBRIA*, Capt. Juddins, arrived at Boston at an early hour on Thursday morning last, from Liverpool and Halifax. By this arrival files of English papers to the 4th inst. have been received.

The accounts from England show a very decided improvement in the money market, and in commercial affairs generally. "Money," says the *European Times*, "is more easily obtained; and a continuance of fine weather, which leads to the expectation of an abundant harvest, has caused a reaction in the market for all sorts of provisions. On the whole a fair amount of business is doing in departments of trade; and although prices in most instances rule low, there is not any despondency, like that which existed among merchants in the early part of the last month."

The death of DANIEL O'CONNELL took place at Genoa, May 15th, in the 72d year of his age. The report of his attending physician states that he came to his end with apparently little suffering. "He received in the most fervent sentiments the last rites, and up to his last sigh was surrounded by every consolation provided by his holy religion. He died as an infant sinks upon its mother's breast to sleep."

The funeral of O'Connell at Genoa, was celebrated with great pomp. The United States Consul appeared in his official costume, and the Consuls of all other nations except England, were present.

Dr. CHALMERS, the light of the Free Church, died recently in Scotland.

The reverend doctor had attended church on Sunday, and had retired to bed the same night, in his house at Mornington near Edinburgh, apparently in perfectly good health, and was discovered by his servant on Monday morning sitting up in his bed—dead. He was universally beloved, and admired. He was in his 67th year, and has left a widow and six daughters, two of the latter of whom are married.

Prince JEROME BONAPARTE, nephew of Napoleon, lately died at Florence, from a disease of the spine.

REUBEN G. BEASLEY, Esq., American Consul at Havre, died at that port on the 1st inst.

The proceedings in the British Parliament furnish little of interest. At the latest dates the House of Commons was occupied in the discussion of a motion proposed by the Earl of Lincoln, for an address to the Queen, praying her consideration of the means by which colonization might be made subsidiary to other measures for the improvement of the social condition of Ireland. The address was agreed to. Lord John Russell intimated that he should advise her Majesty not to issue a commission of inquiry, but to conduct the inquiry through the agency of the executive government.

The Irish Poor Law bill would pass the house of Commons as it came from the Peers.

The Earl of Clarendon had been appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, vice the Earl of Bessborough deceased.

In its COMMERCIAL REVIEW, the *Times* says:—The improved state of the Money Market, and the great decline which has been going forward in the Grain markets, added to the continued advances of a short crop in America, has imparted a firmer feeling in the Cotton trade. The business for five days up to yesterday evening, is estimated at 27,000 bales. Prices have advanced 5-8d. to 3-4d. on American, and 1-8d. to 1-4d. for Brazil and Surat descriptions.

The Corn trade was exceedingly active on the 19th ult., and prices were then rapidly advancing to what might be termed famine pitch. The favorable weather has since given confidence as to an abundant harvest, and buyers therefore act with great caution. Prices have receded as fast as they advanced—the fall from the highest point having been about 20s. per quarter; but the market is now more steady, and tending upwards again.

Flour had declined to 40s. per bbl., but is now worth 42s. to 44s., the latter being the value of the best Western; sour Flour 37s. to 38s. per bbl.; American Wheat 10s. 6d. to 12s. 6d. per 70 lbs. Indian Corn is steady at 52s. to 57s. Indian Corn Meal is in fair demand at 25s. per bbl. for yellow, and 30s. for white.

At a late hour last night Messrs. Makin & Son, extensively engaged in the Corn trade at Liverpool, report as follows:—

"With very few arrivals since Tuesday, Flour is 1s. 6d. per bbl., and Indian Corn 1s. per quarter dearer, with a fair demand for each; and generally a firm appearance as regards all the leading articles of the Corn trade."

Cured Provisions are in moderate demand; prices are, however, on the decline. This remark is more applicable to Butter. With respect to Bacon we have to note an improved demand, the warm weather having improved the consumption, so that fine parcels are rather the rarer dealer, the quantity of Western cure being proved very irregular, and sold accordingly. American Beef has met a steady demand, and, with light imports, the present tendency of the market is upwards. Pork is in fair supply, and moves off slowly at our quotations.

The state of trade in the manufacturing districts is rather more satisfactory than that reported for some weeks past. At the same time the business which is transacted is insignificant; manufacturers, acting cautiously, keep their stocks low, and thus prevent prices falling lower than those now current.

The accounts from the Irish provinces speak in the most cheering terms as to the prospects of next harvest. The papers contain fewer outrages and fewer instances of hideous destitution, than have been spread over them for any week for the last six months. Fever and dysentery are however on the increase, and several persons have fallen victims to the former disease.

ARMY & NAVY NEWS.

The Vera Cruz correspondent of the N. O. Commercial Times, under date of June 1st, writes:—

"A letter from a well informed German merchant of the capital, to his brother in this city says, that Santa Anna has within his control a force of near ten thousand men, besides those on their way under Alvarez, and that he will soon have an army around him capable of annoying if not of seriously opposing Gen. Scott. It is very probable that the people of the capital are about as ignorant as ourselves on these subjects, and although I treat their opinions with respect, I do not adopt them.—Santa Anna evidently gives an importance to Alvarez's movement, to which it is not entitled, and it is doubtful whether he will get a reinforcement from this source of three thousand men. Valencia and Bravo are said to have resigned their respective commands. The Government is to be established at Morelia."

"The yellow fever, *el vomito*, as it should be called, is now getting really serious among us. Thirteen cases terminated fatally yesterday, and to-day already I have heard of the death of three I personally knew. Colonel Kearney, the government contractor, is now lying in a very dangerous state, and people are thus falling around me. Such things to an unaccustomed man like myself, is calculated to make one feel ugly."

The following extracts are from a letter dated Vera Cruz, May 23d:—

A gentleman from the city of Mexico, who was one of the American prisoners captured by Urrea between Camargo and Monterey, came down with the train, having been liberated by the English Minister, he having claimed British protection. He reports all the American officers were prisoners on parole.

Strong suspicions were entertained at Jalapa of an attempt to retake the place.

Some Mexicans also came down yesterday from Jalapa, having been robbed on the road of every thing they had of value; but the highwaymen showed their generosity and kindness to the unfortunate afterward, by returning them twenty-five cents each to pay their expenses to this place.

An officer of Gen. Scott's army, writes with confidence that the war will be soon ended.

A letter from Vera Cruz states that the number of sick at that city amounted to 1,800, and that fifty deaths took place on the first instant.

At Jalapa 800 are reported to be sick.

The Pica-yune has a report that 20,000 Mexican forces are assembled at Rio Frio, which they were industriously fortifying, whilst Gen. Scott's force amounted to but 5,000.

The rumored disaster to Gen. Worth's command at Puebla, turns out to be false.

The Mexican Congress had removed from the city of Mexico.

THE RIO FRIO PASS.—This Pass will now become the great point of interest, as it is evident the enemy intend to make a stand there, and that we shall have another severe battle. A gentleman who has traveled through the country, and is familiar with this Pass, describes it to us as much more formidable than that of Cerro Gordo. It goes through the mountain with a steep ascent, and for nearly three miles the road, with high and rugged sides, is only sufficient to admit the passage of a single wagon at a time. There is, we are informed, no possibility of turning it, and no mode of attack, except by a direct movement through the Pass. If this really be so, we should think, that with ordinary science and courage, it could be readily defended; but we heard pretty much the same story of Cerro Gordo, and we rather think, when the army comes to Rio Frio, some other plan will be more practicable, than by marching through a single narrow gorge of the mountain, for two or three miles, under the fire of an enemy, on the steep sides of the road. The pass is about thirty-six miles from the capital, and Rio Frio, (Cold River) supplies the city with water.—*New Orleans Commercial Bulletin*, June 4.

A SINGULAR CASE.—The correspondent of the N. O. Pica-yune relates the following remarkable occurrence in Mexico.

After the wound of Gen. Shields had been dressed, the hurts of the others—perhaps there were some ten or fifteen of them—were attended to. Among them was one stout Illinois man, named Ford, the half of whose head at least appeared to have been carried away by a heavy cannon ball. One of our best surgeons, Dr. Wright, went up to the poor fellow when his time came, and to my astonishment commenced clipping the shattered portions of his face, jaw and ear, which still hung to him, and afterwards dressed the wound as well as circumstances would admit. I say wound; it was worse than a wound and a description of it would be too horrible. The battle was now over, and every moment they were bringing in some fresh victim of the result of the recent strife. It seemed to me that others needed the services of the good surgeon more than did the unfortunate individual in question—his case was certainly hopeless. There were arms and legs to amputate, balls to extract, and the wailings of the wounded showed how much they needed the surgeon's offices; yet he continued with the Illinois man until he had patched his shattered head and bound it up as he was able. This was on the 18th of April.

Two or three days since, when nearly a month had passed away, I met Dr. Wright here in the streets of Jalapa, and asked him how long the man in question lived.—

"If I was ever astonished in my life it was when he told me that he was still alive and what was more, that he was well and hearty! A portion of his face, and jaws on one side, and his ear are gone, but the man will soon be strong enough to shoulder his musket again."

Col. Curtis of the 3d Ohio regiment, has received the appointment of Assistant Adjutant General to Gen. Wool.

Lieut. Col. Abbott, with four companies of Massachusetts volunteers, escorting a wagon train and a number of artillery horses, took up the line of march for Cerralvo on the 29th ult. Col. Wright, with the remaining six companies of Massachusetts volunteers was to proceed by boat to Camargo, thence to Monterey, as soon as transportation could be had.

Three companies of 3d dragoons—Hager's Butler's and Merrick's, will be left at Matamoros. These dragoon companies are not yet furnished with horses.

Col. Jack Hays was at Palo Alto with his regiment of Texas Rangers, described as a body of remarkably hardy men.

The Matamoros Flag of the 2d inst. says: "The individual found murdered below Reynosa, as before mentioned by us, turns out to be a private in Capt. Paul's company of Massachusetts volunteers. A company of Massachusetts men, under Capt. Walsh, escorting a train to Camargo, passed the spot a few days since, and identified and buried the body. Capt. W. demanded of some Mexicans residing near the scene of the murder to produce the murderers or he would burn down their ranches. The threat had the desired effect, and three incorrigible scoundrels were handed over to him—one of whom was killed in endeavoring to make his escape, and the other two are imprisoned at Reynosa. The clothes of the murdered man were upon the Mexican who was killed."

SANTILLO, Mexico, May 17, 1847.

Lieut. Col. Mitchell and a portion of the advance of Col. Doniphan's command arrived here yesterday morning from Parras, having arrived at camp the day before.

This morning, before breakfast, a number of men came in and announced that on Friday last a detachment of Col. Doniphan's regiment, under command of Capt. Reed, consisting of fifteen men and accompanied by Don Manuel Ibarra, a very wealthy citizen of Parras, who owns an extensive vineyard, set out for the Rancho del Poco, about thirty miles from Parras, about the Indians. He furnished them all with fresh horses and they made a rapid march for del Poco. At the rancho they were joined by a party of some twenty men, an advance of Col. Doniphan's main command, and before long the Indians came up.

The conflict was quite desperate, for the Indians fought like devils. Capt. Reed was wounded in the chin and shoulder by arrows, and several horses were killed.—On the side of the Indians the slaughter was more deadly. The all-powerful rifle caused seventeen bold warriors to "bite the dust," and the rest fled, leaving most of their plunder and the greater portion of their women and children. We also captured about 2000 head of horses and mules which they had stolen. Don Manuel, who is spoken of as being as brave as he is generous and hospitable, fought desperately.

You will hardly believe that after this generosity on the part of our troops, in riding an enemy's country of a marauding party, some of the grateful Mexicans at Parras were detected in the act of stealing some of the horses belonging to the command.

The whole of Col. Doniphan's command will be here in a few days, and after remaining awhile to recruit their men and horses will proceed down toward the mouth of the river. They have now been in the service eleven months, and when they reach here will have marched two thousand eight hundred miles from Fort Leavenworth, Mo., their place of rendezvous.

They have been constantly on the march for eight months and have been without tents since last fall, nor have they drawn a single dollar of their pay since they have been in the service.

We all look forward here to the prospect of a speedy movement upon San Luis with confidence, and daily expect the arrival of fresh troops from below.

It is thought that the Parras route will be selected, and it is represented to me as a most delightful one. A train is about starting off, and I have not time to write more. It is the 2d Ohio regiment that goes to-day. They are now entering the town.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.—On the 5th inst. 330 men of the 3d and 6th Infantry, under Major Given, and over a dozen officers, sailed from New Orleans for Vera Cruz; and 100 men and 150 horses for the same destination.

On the 5th and 6th five companies of the 2d regiment of Kentucky volunteers, and 155 men and a number of officers, returned to New Orleans from Brazos.

On Saturday evening, 5th inst., arrived at New Orleans from Brazos, the honored remains of Lt. Col. Clay, Col. McKee, Captains Willis and Lincoln, Lieut. Powell, Adjutant Vaughan and private H. Trotter, of the 2d regiment of Kentucky volunteers.

The parting scene between the Mississippi Regiment and General Taylor, we are told, was affecting in the extreme. As the men marched by him to return to their homes, overpowered with a recollection of the high deeds which had endeared them to him, and with their demonstrations of respect and affection, he attempted in vain to address them. With tears streaming down his furrowed cheeks, all he could say was, "Go on boys—go on—I can't speak."

N. O. Pica-yune.

LIEUT. EVANS, (son of Hon. Geo. Evans, of Maine,) behaved very gallantly at Buena Vista. An officer in the army, noticing his conduct there, says what follows:

"Now throughout this whole murderous conflict he was immediately under my eye. He was as cool and collected in the most trying hours—when men were falling fast around him on every side, as he would have been at his father's table. Two or three times he was sent by Col. May with orders, or messages to different parts of the field and under the heaviest fire—which duty he performed with great credit and gallantry."

BY THE MAIL.

GREAT MORTALITY.—Last Thursday's Montreal Pilot says that the account from Gosse Isle, the quarantine ground, 30 miles below Quebec, "are of the most alarming description; nearly two thousand emigrants have died, either on the passage out or at the quarantine station, and typhus fever of the most malignant kind is raging at Gosse Isle." The Quebec correspondent of the Montreal Herald has ascertained, that up to the 5th inst. 630 Roman Catholics and 75 Protestants, had been buried at Gosse Isle; that 1,300 lay sick in the churches, sheds and tents, and that 12,000 persons were in the ships at anchor there.

SLAVE TRADE.—The bark Chancellor has been captured, accused of being engaged in the slave trade. She was taken by the U. S. schooner Dolphin, and sent home in charge of Lieut. Dulaney. She was found near a noted slave establishment, had a slave deck, and was provided with rice and water. She had no slaves on board. The captain and chief mate have been arrested to answer the charge. The owners deny that she was fitted out for that purpose by the party who chartered her, or that she has been engaged in the trade at all.

BRUTAL MURDER.—The New Orleans Pica-yune chronicles the death of Mr. John C. Nash, who resided near St. Francisville, La. He had left his house on the evening of the 21st ult. in company with his child, about nine years old, for the purpose of taking some honey from a bee hive a few yards distant. While in the act, he was shot and instantly killed, by some person unknown—one buck-shot taking effect in his head and another near his right shoulder. At the moment he was shot his child was standing immediately before him, and barely escaped, the charge passing over its head. The assassin has not yet been discovered.

VILLAINOUS OUTRAGE.—On Saturday night, between eleven and twelve o'clock, some cowardly ruffians threw half a dozen bottles filled with coal tar, or some similar filthy liquid, at the front window of the house of Deacon Grant, in Cambridge street Boston. Three windows were broken, and the contents of the bottles were thrown about the room, despoiling the carpets and injuring the blinds and furniture. The outside of the house was also besmeared with the compound, which appeared to be a mixture of coal tar and grease.

ASSAULT UPON AN EDITOR.—The senior editor of the Albany Argus, Edwin Crosswell, was assaulted in the streets of Albany on Saturday, the circumstances of which he thus narrates:

"About midday, when the senior editor of this paper, was walking up State street, Peter Cagger was standing in front of his own office, on the side-walk. As we approached him, he stepped immediately before us, and demanded if we were the author of the article of Friday, (in reply to J. Van Buren's bulletin) Upon our replying in the affirmative, he suddenly aimed a blow at us, which was parried and returned. Several passes were made in the same manner. He then stepped back a pace or two, and drew from under his coat a whip and advanced upon us. This we immediately wrested from him, and was in the act of plying his own weapon upon himself, when he rushed in upon us, seizing our body and legs, and being pushed backward, our foot caught in the grating over the basements of the stores in that part of the street, and we fell on our knee and hand. When parties interfered, and prevented farther altercation."

STRAWBERRIES.—There were five hundred and two bushels of strawberries in the markets yesterday, by actual measurement. This is in addition to those left at the hotels, steamboats, confectioners, &c., which will probably swell the amount up to five hundred and fifty bushels. The price ranged from five to eight cents per quart. The very best, large, selected berries, still keep up to ten cents. Fortunately for the poor here, strawberries are not an article of export and the price cannot be advanced by foreign demand.—*Cincinnati Gazette*.

ANECDOTE OF D'ALEMBERT.—D'Alembert was the son of a celebrated lady of high rank, who, to conceal her indiscretion caused him to be exposed on the steps of the church of St. Roch. Here he was found by a poor woman who earned a livelihood by her needle. She adopted him, maintained him by the produce of her labor, and placed him in the college of Montaigne.—The young man profited by the instruction received, so that like Pascal, he made new discoveries in geometry in his 15th year.

His name soon became known over all Europe, and the learned courted the society of the young student of Montaigne.—Such was the fame he acquired by his early talents, that the lady at last began to be proud of having given birth to such a son. His foster mother had been watched, and, consequently, the real mother had obtained information concerning the fate of the child, but without contributing to its subsistence.

Vanity brought about what the voice of nature was incapable of effecting. She one day repaired to the college, and requested to see the youth. He came. She began a long harangue the tyranny of prejudice, on the pain she felt at being obliged to forsake him, and so forth. "I am your mother," said she. "You my mother, Mother? You are mistaken; I have no mother but her who took care of me in my infancy." He turned his back upon her and never saw her more; but continued the affectionate and dutiful son of the seamstress, and repaid her with interest in her old age the care she had bestowed on his childhood.

Family Herald.

Dr. G. is now under arrest in Norwich, Conn., and indicted, for enticing away the young woman from Greenville. He offers to marry her, but she declines the honor.

CANINE SAGACITY.—An instance of animal sagacity and humanity unequalled in our remembrance, took place before our door on Saturday. An unfortunate dog, in order to make sport for some fools, had a panted to his tail, and was sent off on his travels towards Galt. It reached the village utterly exhausted, and lay down before the steps of Mr. Young's tavern, eyeing most anxiously the horrid annoyance hung behind him, but unable to move a step further, or rid himself of the tormenter.—Another dog, a Scotch colley, came up at the time, and seeing the distress of his crouching, laid himself down gently beside him, and gaining his confidence by a few caresses proceeded to gnaw the string by which the noisy appendage was attached to his friend's tail, and at the conclusion of about a quarter of an hour's exertions, severed the cord, and started to his legs with the pan hanging from the string in his mouth, and after a few joyful capers around his friend, departed on his travels, in the highest glee at his success.—*Canada paper*.

The Italian Opera Company, who have been performing in Boston for several weeks have almost crazed some of the good people of that city. Their enthusiasm seemed to possess no bounds, and manifested itself on several occasions in a most ridiculous manner. One young gent rendered himself conspicuous, as well as betrayed his enthusiastic admiration of the performer by throwing his hat and cane at the feet of Signorina Tedesco, at the close of one of her efforts last week. Another, equally susceptible, but more thoughtful young man, attempted to throw a huge bouquet, with which he had provided himself, on to the stage. Unfortunately it lodged in one of the chandeliers just without the reach of his cane. Excited and wrought up by the occasion, the failure and his vain attempts to restore the bouquet, he cried aloud to some of his companions to help him get it from its position, adding force to his entreaties, by saying that it cost him twenty dollars! Poor fellow! we hope that amid the shouts of laughter that greeted this announcement, he thought himself to reflect that "a fool and his money are soon parted."

Springfield Republican.

NARROW ESCAPE.—Mr. Page, principal of the state normal school, in company with a Mr. Stearns, of Massachusetts, while riding in the Albany rural cemetery, on Friday afternoon, narrowly escaped being seriously injured. They were riding in a one-horse buggy up the ascending road by the side of one of those deep ravines where the abrupt descent from the road to the bed of the stream is perhaps 100 feet; and yet no barrier has been placed there to prevent carriages from running off! At one of the most dangerous points, the horse stopped, and commenced stepping backward.

Notwithstanding the efforts of Mr. Page, who is a skilful driver, to cause the animal to advance, the carriage was turned so as to run backward off the road, the horse being drawn after it, and they were precipitated down the bank about thirty feet, at which point the vehicle was brought up by some trees. Springing from the carriage, which had not been upset, the gentlemen secured the horse and succeeded in extricating him from the harness before he had seriously injured himself by his struggles. Neither of the gentlemen was in the slightest degree hurt, though any one who should see the place would deem it little short of a miracle that they should have escaped. The vehicle had a shaft broken, and its top somewhat crushed, while the horse was but slightly injured. But for the trees above named they must all have been dashed to the bottom of the ravine, with almost the certainty of destruction.

Albany Journal.

MRS. BLOODGOOD AND HER DAUGHTER. A few days since two respectable attired women called at one of our upper class boarding houses in South Brooklyn, and in an interview with the proprietor stated they were just from Boston, and their luggage had not as yet arrived. They had been recommended (the elder of the two ladies observed) by a lady whose name she presumed was a sufficient guarantee for her own and her daughter's respectability, for such she described her daughter to be, by whom she was accompanied. They looked at the apartments, made a selection, and contrary to the wishes of the keeper of the establishment, said they must, and they did take full and entire possession. In due course the dinner bell gave its notes of warning, but the ladies were too fatigued to encounter the etiquette of company, and ordered the servant in attendance to serve their dinner in their own room.

This was followed up for a day or two; and when the proprietor of the house requested the ladies to step down into the parlor for the purpose of having some more definite understanding, they appeared to be willing to comply, but somehow or other mistook the street for the parlor door, and have not been seen since by those most anxious to meet with them. We earnestly advise boarding house establishments to keep a bright look out for the Mesdames Bloodgood.—*Brooklyn Eagle*.

DAMAGE TO FRUITS AND FLOWERS.—The severe North-wester which yesterday paid us so unseasonable a visit, accompanied by rain and hail, did much damage to flowers and the blossoms of fruits, in all the gardens and orchards exposed to the storm. Much destruction, also, was done to strawberries, and that rich flavored berry necessarily advance materially in price.—The heavy showers served well, however, to clean the streets, and in that respect much good was done.

Brooklyn Daily Ad.

William H. Stepter, 17 years old, was hanged in Greensburg, Ky., June 5th, for the murder of his mother. Of 5000 spectators one half were women. The boy confessed the deed, upon suspicion of which his father was first arrested. No motive is assigned.

A PICKPOCKET ARRESTED WITH THE BOOTY IN HIS POSSESSION.—On Saturday at half-past two, on board the Eastern railroad ferry boat, Mr. Robert Upton, of Salem, was robbed of his pocket-book, containing \$9 in money, and notes, checks, drafts, acceptances and bills, to the amount of \$13.446. Mr. Upton stated his loss to officer Dunbar, at the East Boston depot, who had noticed for several days a gang of pickpockets about the depot, and he at once took the responsibility of arresting one John White, one of the gang, who had taken his seat in the cars, and found upon him the pocket book, with its contents safe.—Mr. Dunbar brought his prisoner over to the police court, where he waived an examination, and was committed for trial at the municipal court.—*Boston Post*.

The splendid packet ship Ocean Monarch, of 1359 tons, was successfully launched at East Boston on Saturday, at 10 30 A. M.

Boston Daily Ad.

A BOY CARRIED OVER NIAGARA FALLS. A melancholy accident occurred at Niagara Falls on Sunday last. A fine lad of the name of John Murphy, aged about 12 years, in the employ of judge Porter, crossing to Chippewa in a canoe, was drawn into the rapids on the Canada side, and into the "Great Horse Shoe Fall." When he was first discovered, he was beyond the reach of all earthly assistance; and although the little fellow did all that his courage and strength could do, holding his slight canoe for nearly twenty minutes, most stationary, and when tired nature gave up contending longer with the wind and current, both against him, the little fellow plunged overboard, and with the courage and perseverance of a man, for some time breasted the current. But, alas, too late, though within one hundred yards of the shore, he was in the embrace of the rushing cataract, which never releases its victims!

The broken fragments of the frail bark were all that were found of the little martyr. A widowed mother and three children mourn the loss of a son and brother, and many strangers lament the fate of a noble and excellent boy.—*Roch. Amer.*

A LARGO FEE.—A judgment for \$15,000 was awarded at Philadelphia, the other day, against the Bank of Kentucky and in favor of Leslie Combs, Esq., an eminent lawyer and politician of Kentucky. The facts of the case have a tendency to excite suspicion in regard to the course of justice. It may be remembered that shares of Kentucky Bank stock to an immense amount were fraudulently sold by one Hosea J. Levis, then cashier of the Schuylkill Bank at Philadelphia, and agent there for the Kentucky Bank. When the fraud was discovered Levis fled to Texas. The Kentucky Bank brought action against the Schuylkill Bank for restitution of the shares, alleging that the Schuylkill Bank was responsible for the acts of its cashier. The testimony of Levis became indispensable to the Kentucky Bank, in the progress of the suit, but he refused to return unless a pardon was granted him. The services rendered by Mr. Combs to the Bank of Kentucky were in obtaining this pardon and inducing Levis to come back and testify.

N. Y. Com. Ad.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—A Irish woman named Jane Brogan accidentally fell overboard from the steamer Portland, on Thursday evening, as that boat was coming up the harbor. She fell over in front of the wheel house, and while in the water the paddle wheel struck her on the back of the head. She was promptly rescued, but so much injured as to cause her death in about two hours. The deceased has left a husband and six children, all of whom were on board the boat when the accident occurred. They arrived in this country about nine weeks since from Killybeg, Ireland.

Barker Burnell.—The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty, on Tuesday, in the case of Barker Burnell. As there are other indictments against him he was remanded to jail, but the amount of his bail was reduced to \$10,000, which it is suggested may be obtained.—*Boston Advertiser*.

ROADS.—This is the time of year when much money is laid out upon the roads.—What a vast advantage would it be to the public if this money could be so laid out as to repair, and make them smooth and comfortable to pass over instead of plowing up and throwing sods and stones into the road—half leveled, and left for time, frost and travel to reduce them to a smooth state. If money was laid out in filling ruts and hollows with just enough gravel, and not too much to make them level when trodden hard—and in removing small stones and securing the roads against the action of washing rains, it would be much for the comfort of the traveller, and save expense.

The chances of longevity with the married are decidedly greater than with the single. With males, the average age is only thirty-six years among bachelors, while it is fifty-six with married men. Among females, while the average age of the unmarried is little more than forty-two years, it is nearly forty-four with the married.

A scamp, named Carlin, who, among other villanies, had debauched his own daughter, was rode upon a rail, and then ducked by order of Judge Lynch, at Clinton, Lou., a few days since. He was roughly dealt with.

NEWPORT MERCURY,
NEWPORT.

SATURDAY MORN., JUNE 19, 1847.

YEARLY MEETING OF FRIENDS.—The yearly meeting of Friends in New England, which commenced in this town on Saturday morning last, and continued by adjournments from day to day, were brought to a close yesterday noon.

There were two bodies in session during the whole week, both claiming to be the New England Meeting of Friends.

The large body of the denomination met at the old place, and the smaller body at the new meeting house in Mann Avenue.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The U. S. Circuit Court commenced its June term in this town, on Tuesday morning last. After an appropriate prayer by the Rev. Mr. Watson, Judge Woodbury delivered in charge to the Grand Jury, in which he pointed out the great benefit of the Post Office system and the necessity there was of sustaining that department and punishing offences against it.

The two Petit Juries were then empanelled, and the Docket called, in order to ascertain what cases were ready for trial.

Quite a number of cases were continued by agreement.

On Wednesday morning commenced the trial of the case of LATIMER HULL, vs THE TOWN OF RICHMOND. This action was brought by the plaintiff to recover damages from the town; he having been thrown from his wagon, and broken his leg in consequence of a road being out of repair. Damages laid at \$5000. This case occupied the Court until Thursday afternoon, when the case was given to the Jury, who remained out until Friday morning, when not being able to agree, the papers were taken from them, and the case was continued.

UNITED STATES vs EDWARD WILSON.—This was an indictment for an assault on Edward Gladding, at sea, on board the brig Emeline, of Bristol, on the 26th of April last. Wilson was one of the crew, and Gladding the mate of the brig. The instrument used by Wilson, was a sheath-knife, with a six inch blade.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty, on the 3d count of the indictment, and Wilson was sentenced to two years imprisonment, at hard labor, and to pay a fine of two hundred dollars.

The Court was occupied yesterday in the case of Jepherson & Morse vs. Benj. Cragin Jr., action of trover—the case was not concluded last evening.

SUMMER has suddenly burst upon us, and the gay season has commenced. The Public Houses have been put in excellent order and are open and ready for the reception of visitors. The proprietors are determined to have them, in all their departments, equal to any houses in the United States, and it is to be hoped that they may be well rewarded for their exertions in thus contributing to the comfort of the crowds who visit this delightful spot for air and recreation.

Rev. Mr. GILES, will preach at the Mill-street Church, to-morrow.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.—With the accustomed punctuality of this work, the number for July has reached us. It is embellished with three well-executed engravings, (one of which is a portrait of Gen. Taylor,) and the literary contents are of a rich character. The ladies will find this magazine an entertaining companion, and we trust they will not withhold from it their gracious favor.

PORTSMOUTH TOWN OFFICERS. elected at the annual Town Meeting, on the 8th inst.

Town Clerk.—Richard Sherman.
Treasurer.—John Cory, Asa Freeborn, John H. Coggeshall, George L. Potter, Sylvester Hathaway.

Justices of the Peace.—John Cory, Samuel Cory, Town Treasurer.—Gardner Thomas.
Town Sergeant.—Peggy Sherman.
Overseer of the Poor.—Seth R. Anthony.
Assessors.—John H. Coggeshall, Seth R. Anthony, William Barker.

Assessors of Taxes.—Geo. Chase, John Manchester, Borden Chase, Seth R. Anthony, Richard Sherman, Wm. M. Manchester.

CELEBRATION.—The Free Masons are to celebrate the anniversary of St. John the Baptist on the 24th inst. at Warren.

RETIREMENT OF A VETERAN EDITOR.—The Philadelphia correspondent of the Tribune states that a negotiation has been completed between Messrs. Graham and McMichael of the North American and Mr. Chandler of the United States Gazette, by which the Gazette passes into the hands of Messrs. Graham and McMichael, and Mr. Chandler retires from the profession he has so well adorned, "full of years and full of honors." The price paid for the Gazette is \$45,000.

Mr. Poe's attorney has sued the N. Y. Mirror for a libel—damage \$5000.

SMALL POX.—This loathsome disease has existed for some time at St. Louis. At the close of last month the number of cases appeared to be increasing. Sixteen were reported for the week ending on the 21st ult., and thirty for the week ending on the 28th.

There was one family, in which there were ten children, the eldest two of whom had been vaccinated. These two escaped the disease, while all the others were taken down with it.

Lowell has 6,069 children between 4 and 16 years and there were 770 births in that city for the year ending May 1.

Among the effects of foreign immigration which is pouring in upon us, it is mentioned that German ship-carpenters have offered to work for fifty cents a day in Philadelphia, where the regular rate of ship-carpenters wages has been two dollars.

FALL RIVER RAILROAD.—At a meeting of the Stockholders of this road, holden at Fall River, on the 16th inst., it was voted to issue four thousand additional shares, at \$80 per share, for the purpose of paying off the debt of the corporation. Holders of the old stock to take the new if they wish to, in the proportion of two shares for every three.

SAD AFFAIR.—A young man named Thaddeus G. Farwell, a resident of Waltham, about 25 years old, was found dead in the woods near that place, about dusk, Monday evening. In a fit of low spirits, which had been somewhat frequent with him of late, he committed suicide by hanging himself.

DIVORCES.—Cincinnati must be a great place for the enjoyment of conjugal felicity. Last week the Court of Common Pleas granted twenty divorces to mismatched, dissatisfied couples.

A young woman, supposed to be Miss Fox, who eloped from New York with Hare, has been arrested in Baltimore.

CITY OF BATH.—The citizens of Bath, by nearly a unanimous vote, have decided to accept their city charter.

MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE.—The Boston Transcript says that Tom Thumb, following other illustrious examples, has "wed a little maid," who has agreed to "wed, wed," and in a short time they are to be married. She is in her sixteenth year, weighs 19 1/2 pounds, and is thirty inches high. The united weight of the couple is fifty pounds!

The corpse of a young lady of irreproachable character, who left a neighbor's for her father's house, was found in the canal near Whitehall, N. Y., bearing marks of violence. She probably fell into the hands of a gang of wretches, who, after violating her person, put an end to her existence to hide their guilt.

The steamer Oregon, which left Stonington on Monday night last, was nearly swamped off Saybrook, and put back. The bulwarks were carried away by successive heavy seas, the passengers thoroughly wet, and freight damaged.

MANUFACTURES IN RUSSIA.—We observe, by the last English papers, that numbers of artisans and mill hands were leaving the manufacturing towns in England, for Russia, where, it is said, three large cotton mills are about to be put in full operation, to be driven by steam; two of them by engines of 80 horse power, and one by engine of 120 horse power; total, 280 horse power. England will soon, therefore, have a new competitor in the markets of the East.

The inside of the Stark mills, Manchester, N. H., was burnt out early on Monday morning, and the machinery destroyed.

Mr. George F. Kull, a baker, in Milton, Pennsylvania, hung himself last week. The deceased was doing an excellent business. He visited Philadelphia last spring, and his wife says, since his return he has not been the same man. Other persons noticed a difference in his ways and conduct since then.

Francis Bassler, who escaped from the jail of Wyoming county, Penn., on the 22d of January, 1845, under sentence of death for the murder of Robert Atkinson, was recognized at Buena Vista in Mexico, by Luther Adkins, who resided in Wyoming county at the time of Bassler's trial and escape. Gen. Wool took immediate measures to place the convicted man in the hands of Justice. Bassler was acting in the capacity of teamster, having got with the Illinoisians somewhere in Texas.

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BRIGHTON MARKET, MONDAY, June 14, 1847.
(Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.)

At market 490 Beef Cattle, 26 yoke of Working Oxen, 25 Cows and Calves, 900 Sheep, and 1080 Swine.

PRICES.
Beef Cattle.—We quote to correspond with last week, viz: first quality \$7; second \$6 a 6 50; third \$5 a 5 75.
Working Oxen.—Sales at \$65, \$80, \$90, \$100, and \$110.
Cows and Calves.—Sales at \$22, \$25, \$30, and \$42.
Sheep.—Sales of small lots at 2 25, 2 50 and 3 50.
Swine.—Lots to peddle at 5 1/2 and 6 1/2; old Hogs 5 1/2 and 6 1/2. At retail from 6 to 7 1/2.
N. B. 125 Beef Cattle unsold at the close of the market.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, June 14, 1847.

WOOL.—The wool market remains the same as at our last report. The stock of fleece is very light, and manufacturers buy just enough to keep their mills in operation, in the expectation of the new clip coming to market soon. Some sales of pulled have been made during the past week at a trifle below quoted rates.

Prices of Wool.—Prime Saxony fleeces, washed, lb. 45 a 50; American Full Blood, do, 40 a 45; do 35 a 40; do 30 a 35; do 25 a 30; do 20 a 25; do 15 a 20; do 10 a 15; do 5 a 10; do 1 a 5.

NEW YORK MARKETS, June 17.—Flour \$6 per barrel; sales of 15,000 bushels of corn at \$1 05 a 1 08 for yellow, and \$1 a 1 05 for mixed.

IT SPEAKS FOR ITSELF AND COMMENTS ARE UNNECESSARY.
Philadelphia, May 28th, 1845.

DA JAYNE.—Dear Sir.—I feel bound to the afflicted to give publicity to the extraordinary effects of your valuable medicine.

I have suffered for several years past with Liver Complaint, and the train of diseases which follow—a complete prostration of the system—so that it was with great difficulty I could walk, and at times I was confined to my room. To add to my misery, a Scrofulous affection appeared in my throat, with Rheumatism in my arms, so that I could not raise my right arm to my head. In the hottest weather my feet and hands would ache with the cold, and perspiration had almost ceased. I now became afflicted with a dry hoarse cough, and gave up all hopes of ever getting well. I had night sweats, and got little or no sleep, with fearful dreams and morbid headache. I seemed to be bordering on INSANITY, and was denied all study or mental exercise. I could not read a small paragraph in a newspaper without great difficulty. I had great soreness in my stomach, which caused it to swell so much that I was unable to lie down, or even recline, but had to be propped up in a chair. I had the advice of some eminent physicians, and tried nearly all the remedies used in such cases, but continued to grow worse, and it appeared as though a speedy dissolution was taking place.

I now heard of your medicines, and determined to try your Sensitive Pills, and to my surprise the soreness left me, so that I could walk about the house. I continued to improve from that time. Shortly after my wife called to your store, and obtained a bottle of your alternative.

After taking which and the Pills for three weeks, there was a decided change for the better, so that when I called upon you, you said that I would get well, and that your Alternative would cure me effectually. With no hopes, however, of getting well, I still continued taking your Alternative, until I had taken the fourth bottle, when there was a sudden change in my whole system, as though I had got rid of some great burden, and I could draw my breath as usual.

I am now as active, and nearly as strong, as at any period of my life, and have gained nine pounds in two months.

I have good reason to believe that the use of your medicine, by the blessing of God, has saved me from a premature grave.

JOSEPH BARBER.
Popular between 7th and 8th sts., Philadelphia. Sold in Newport, by R. R. Hazard.

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[BY AUTHORITY.]

Laws of the United States.

PASSED AT THE SECOND SESSION OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

[PUBLIC—No. 1.]

AN ACT for the admission of the State of Iowa into the Union.

Whereas the people of the Territory of Iowa did, on the eighteenth day of May, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six, by a convention of delegates called and assembled for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government; which constitution is republican in its character and features; and said convention has asked admission of the said Territory into the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the original States, in obedience to "An act for the admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and "An act to define the boundaries of the State of Iowa, and to repeal so much of the act of third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, as relates to the boundaries of Iowa," which said last act was approved August fourth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Iowa shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatsoever.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the provisions of "An act supplemental to the act for the admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, be, and the same are hereby, declared to continue and remain in full force as applicable to the State of Iowa, as hereby admitted and received into the Union.

JOHN W. DAVIS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives,

G. M. DALLAS,

Vice President of the United States,

and President of the Senate.

Approved, December 28, 1846.

JAMES K. POLK.

[PUBLIC—No. 2.]

AN ACT to encourage enlistments in the regular army.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, during the continuance of the War with Mexico, the term of enlistment of the men to be recruited for the regiments of dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen of the present military establishment, shall be during the war, or five years, at the option of the recruit, and no discharge shall be granted until the war shall have terminated.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to every able-bodied man who shall be duly enlisted to serve in the artillery or infantry for the term of five years, or during the war, a bounty of twelve dollars; but the payment of six dollars of said bounty shall be deferred until the recruit shall have joined for duty the regiment in which he is to serve.

Approved, January 12, 1847.

[PUBLIC—No. 3.]

AN ACT declaring the assent of Congress to certain States to impose a tax upon all lands hereafter sold by the United States therein, from and after the day of such sale.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Congress is hereby given to the several States admitted into the Union prior to the twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, to impose a tax or taxes upon all lands hereafter sold by the United States, in said States, from and after the day of such sale: Provided, That the assent hereby given shall in no wise impair that provision of the compact with the said States which declares that all lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the said States shall never be taxed higher than lands belonging to persons residing therein.

Approved, January 26, 1847.

[PUBLIC—No. 4.]

AN ACT authorizing the issue of Treasury notes, a loan, and for other purposes.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to cause Treasury notes for such sum or sums as the exigencies of the Government may require, but not exceeding in the whole amount of notes issued the sum of twenty-three millions of dollars, and of denominations not less than fifty dollars for any one note, to be prepared, signed, and issued in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Treasury notes authorized to be issued by the first section of this act shall be reimbursed and redeemed by the United States, at the Treasury thereof, after the expiration of one year or two years from the date of the said notes, respectively; from which said dates they shall bear such interest, until they shall be respectively redeemed, as shall be expressed upon the face of the said notes; which rate of interest upon each several issue of the said notes shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, by and with the advice and approbation of the President; but shall in no case exceed the rate of interest of six per centum per annum: Provided, That, after the maturity of any of the said notes, such interest shall cease at the expiration of sixty days' notice, to be given at any time by the Secretary of the Treasury, in one or more of the principal papers published at the seat of Government, of a readiness to redeem the same. The reimbursement herein provided for shall be made at the Treasury of the United States to the holders of the said notes respectively upon presentation, and shall include the principal of each note, and the interest which may be due thereon at the time of payment. This reimbursement, at the time and times herein specified, the faith of the United States is hereby solemnly pledged.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said Treasury notes shall be prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and shall be signed, on behalf of the United States, by the Treasurer thereof, and countersigned by the Register of the Treasury; and that those officers respectively shall, as checks upon each other and to secure the public safety, keep separate, full, and accurate accounts of the number, date, denomination, and amount of all the notes signed and countersigned by them respectively; which said account shall be entered in a book or books, to be provided for that purpose, and carefully preserved in the Treasury Department; and also similar accounts, kept and preserved in the same manner, of all the said notes redeemed, and the same shall be returned and cancelled; and the Treasurer shall further account, quarterly, for all such notes delivered to him for signature or issue by the Register. The Treasurer and Register of the Treasury are hereby authorized, by and with the consent and approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, to employ such additional temporary clerks as the duties enjoined upon them by this act may render necessary: Provided, Said number shall not exceed five, and with a salary of not more than at the rate of twelve hundred dollars to each per annum.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to cause to be issued such portion of the said Treasury notes as the President may think expedient in payment of debts due by the United States, to such public creditors, or other persons, as may choose to receive such notes in payment, as aforesaid, at par. And the Secretary of the Treasury is further authorized, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to borrow from time to time such sums as the

President may think expedient on the credit of such notes; Provided, however, That no Treasury notes shall be pledged, hypothecated, sold, or disposed of in anywise, for any purpose whatever, directly or indirectly, for any sum less than the amount of such notes, including the principal and interest thereon, when disposed of.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said Treasury notes shall be transferable, by delivery and assignment endorsed thereon, by the person to whose order the same shall on the face thereof have been made payable.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said Treasury notes shall be received in payment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the United States, of all public lands sold by the said authority, and of all debts to the United States of any character whatsoever, which may be due and payable at the time when said Treasury notes may be so offered in payment; and on every such payment credit shall be given for the amount of the principal and interest which, on the day of such payment, may be due on the note or notes then given in payment.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other officer, or agent of the United States, shall, on the receipt of any Treasury notes in payment for the Government, take from the holder thereof a receipt on the back of each of said notes, stating distinctly the date and the amount received, and shall keep, according to such forms as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, entries of whom received, the number, date, and amount of each Treasury note so received; and, on delivering the same to the Treasury, shall receive credit for the amount paid, as prescribed by the last section, provided no error shall appear.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be and he is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be reimbursed and paid the principal and interest of the Treasury notes which may be issued by virtue of this act, at the several times and times when the same, according to the provisions of this act, should be thus reimbursed and paid. And the said Secretary is further authorized to make purchases of the said notes at par for the amount of the principal and interest due at the time of purchase on such notes. And so much of unappropriated money in the Treasury as may be necessary for that purpose is hereby appropriated for paying the principal and interest of said notes.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or knowingly or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note in imitation of, or purporting to be, a Treasury note aforesaid; or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or knowingly or assist in falsely altering, any Treasury note issued as aforesaid; or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited note, purporting to be a Treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely forged or counterfeited, or shall pass, utter, or publish as true, any falsely altered Treasury note issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony; and, being thereof convicted, by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept at hard labor for a period not less than three years nor more than ten years, and to be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That, if any person shall make or engrave, or cause or procure to be made or engraved, or shall have in his custody or possession any metallic plate engraved after the similitude of any plate from which any notes issued as aforesaid shall have been printed, with intent to use such plate, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any paper adapted to the making of notes, and shall have in his custody or possession any such notes shall have been issued, with intent to use such paper, or cause or suffer the same to be used, in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, every such person, being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, and kept at hard labor, for a term not less than three nor more than ten years, and fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to make and issue, from time to time, such instructions, rules, and regulations to the several collectors, receivers of public money, depositaries, and all others who may be authorized to receive the said Treasury notes, on behalf of the United States, as to the safe keeping, disposition, return, and cancelling of the said notes so paid to and received by them, respectively, and as to their accounts and returns to the Department of such receipts, as may seem to him best calculated to promote the public interests and convenience, and secure the United States and the holders of the notes against fraud and losses.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of the notes authorized by this act, which may be redeemed, other notes may be issued: Provided, however, The amount of such notes outstanding, together with the stock issued by virtue of the sixteenth and sixteenth sections of this act, shall not exceed the sum of twenty-three millions of dollars.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the holders of the aforesaid Treasury notes to present them at any time to the Treasury of the United States, or to any assistant treasurer, or to such collectors of the customs and receivers of public moneys as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the holders of the said Treasury notes shall be entitled to receive therefor the amount of the principal of the said notes in a certificate or certificates of funded stock bearing interest at six per centum per annum, from the date of such presentation of said Treasury notes, and for the interest which shall be paid in money; and the stock thus to be issued shall be transferable on the books of the Treasury: Provided, however, That it be further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the United States to reimburse the stock thus created at any time after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the holder of any Treasury notes issued, or authorized to be issued, under this act or any laws heretofore passed, to convert the same into certificates of funded stock, upon the same terms and in the same manner hereinbefore provided in relation to the Treasury notes authorized by the first section of this act.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That the authority to issue Treasury notes authorized by the "Act authorizing an issue of Treasury notes and a loan," approved July second, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and the same is hereby, extended to the same period fixed for the Treasury notes authorized by this act, and upon the same terms and conditions herein specified: Provided, That the Treasury notes authorized by this section shall not exceed five millions of dollars.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That the President, in his opinion it shall be the interest of the United States so to do, instead of issuing the whole amount of Treasury notes authorized by the first section of this act, may borrow, on the credit of the United States, such an amount of money as he may deem proper, and issue therefor stock of the United States bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum for the sum thus borrowed, redeemable after thirty-first December, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven: Provided, however, That the sum so borrowed, together with the Treasury notes issued under the first and twelfth sections of this act outstanding, and the stock created by this and the thirteenth sections of this act, shall not in the whole exceed the sum of twenty-three millions of

dollars: And provided further, That no stock shall be issued at a less rate than par.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That the interest on the stock created by this act shall be payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year.

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That the certificates of stock to be issued under this act shall be signed by the Register of the Treasury, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause each of said certificates to be sealed with the seal of his Department.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That for the payment of the stock which may be created under the provisions of this act, the sales of the public lands are hereby pledged; and it is hereby made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to use and apply all moneys which may be received into the Treasury for the sales of the public lands after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, first to pay the interest on all stocks issued by virtue of this act; and, secondly, to use the balance of said receipts, after paying the interest aforesaid, in the purchase or said stocks at their market value, provided no more than par shall be paid for said stocks.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the Treasury, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, and otherwise incident to the issuing of the Treasury notes and stock authorized by this act: Provided, That no compensation shall be made to any officer whose salary is fixed by law, for preparing, signing, or issuing Treasury notes, or certificates of stock.

Sec. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be, and hereby is, made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause a statement to be published monthly of the amount of all Treasury notes issued or redeemed in pursuance of the provisions of this act; and that the power to issue Treasury notes, conferred on the President of the United States by this act, shall cease and determine six months after the exchange and ratification of a treaty of peace with the Republic of Mexico.

Sec. 22. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to report to Congress at the commencement of each session the amount of Treasury notes which have been issued under the provisions of this act; the amount redeemed, and the manner in which redeemed; the amount purchased, and of whom, and at what time purchased; and the amount reissued, stating in lieu of which redemption they are reissued, with the date of such reissue, during the preceding year.

Approved, January 28, 1847.

Notice To Equestrians.

Come ALL of the above named class, And try my HORSE, she either slow or fast, For she can carry you a tidy Ajax's pace, Or with the swiftness of Camilla triumph in the race:

She is also gentle, kind and sure, Great hardships and fatigues she can endure, She not like Alexander's Bucephalus in the least, But the exact image of that noble beast—Upon which the beautiful CLELIA died—From Etrurian bondage into which she had been led.

Thou wilt tell me cheap for Cash, Call when you will, she's ready quick as flash, (For ease and beauty can't be beat), At my old stand in Elm Street.

GEORGE G. HULL.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Buildings, and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS on favorable terms. The capital stock

\$150,000

ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.

DIRECTORS ELECTED JUNE 30, 1844, William Rhodes, Wilbur Kelly, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Tally D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Jabez Bullock, and Walker Humphrey. Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE B. WALKER, Agent.

WILBUR KELLY, President.

ALLEN O. PECK, Secretary.

American Insurance Co.'s Office, Feb. 7, 1846.

Neapolitan Bonnets.

PAITSON, NOE, & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 23 Delancy Street, New York.

Feb. 27, 1847.—3m.

TO LET,

And immediate possession given.

THE dwelling House, situated in Clark street, recently occupied by the late Miss Sally Dillon.

ALSO, the whole or part of the House situated corner of Spring and Cannon sts.

April 10, 1847. J. S. MUNRO.

WING & EATES,

LUMBER DEALERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Gardiner St.

WILL attend to the purchase and forwarding all kind of Lumber to order. Dimension Timber of all descriptions sawed from Pine, Spruce or Hemlock, furnished at short notice.

Gardiner, March 27, 1847.—6m.

DOORS! DOORS!

THE subscriber keeps at his shop, No. 17 & 19, Br. St. over Wm. G. Ward's store, the largest assortment of DOORS ever offered for sale in this town. Also Doors, Sashes, Blinds, &c. made to order at the shortest notice. Also, new windows exchanged for old second hand sashes. All those in want call and see, and it is then and there the prices shall be made KNOWN UNTO YOU.

NEWPORT, JANUARY 24, 1847.

CANDY! CANDY! CANDY!!!

WARRANTED to be made from pure loaf sugar, and by the best artists in the country, and as cheap as can be bought in Newport, either at wholesale or retail. Come and judge for yourselves, at YOUNG'S Confectionary and fancy Store, next South of the Town Hall.

TO LET,

With or Without Furniture.

THE COTTAGE in Kay street, now occupied by Miss Marx.

Apply to S. ENGS.

Newport, April 17.

NEWPORT

DAGUERRETYPE ROOMS.

L. T. FEY would respectfully give notice that he has taken rooms in the building corner of Washington Square and Thames street, (third floor,) where he is now prepared to execute miniatures at the shortest notice. Persons wishing pictures of themselves or friends, are invited to call. Copies taken from Paintings, and Drawings.—Daguerretype Pictures taken of deceased persons.

Rooms free to all.

N. B. Perfect satisfaction given, or no charge.

January 16, 1847.

DAGUERRETYPES.

HAVING again returned to Newport, and neatly fitted up rooms in Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, we would inform our friends and the public generally, that we are now fully prepared to execute Daguerretype Miniatures, in the neatest and most improved style.—In language warm as could be breathed or pen'd, Daguerretypes speak the original of friend: Then, who have friends do not delay, But obtain a likeness while yet you may.

All kinds of Daguerrean materials on hand and instruction given in the art.

Rooms.—In Vose's Washington House, No. 1, Bath street, Newport, and No. 30 Westminster street, Providence, R. I.

May 29.] MANCHESTER & BROTHER.

W. B. & E. J. SWAN,

HAVE on hand a good assortment of Gentlemen's Patent Ribbed Lamb's Wool PANTALONS; do. White Lamb's Wool do. do. Cotton Hose; do. do. Patent Merino Shirts, double breasted; do. Merino Shirts; Gauze Merino Shirts. ALSO, a lot of READY MADE CLOTHING, for sale very cheap.

March 27, 1847.

NUTS.—YOUNG has just received the following kinds:—Gordon Almonds, Pecan-nuts, Filberts, Brazil nuts, Madras nuts, Shellbacks, &c. Next South of Town Hall.

CARPETINGS

—AND—

PAINTED FLOOR-CLOTHS.

E. W. Lawton & Son,

HAVE received their Spring supply of COMMON, FINE, SUPERFINE, THREE PLY & BRUSSELS CARPETS, to which they would respectfully invite the special attention of their friends and customers, believing they have never been able to offer so attractive a variety of styles as at present.—The patterns are rich and beautiful, and the prices such as must insure approbation. Having been purchased with ready money under the new tariff, they can and will be sold at a rate that will meet the expectations of every purchaser.

A lot of Remnants of Carpeting, suitable for small rooms at very low prices.

Also, a new supply of PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS, from 2 to 12 feet wide, which for variety of price, style and quality, will compare fully with the assortment of Woolen Carpetings.

April 24.

TO LET.

The pleasantly situated dwelling HOUSE, on the north side of Franklin street, next to the corner of Spring-st. For terms, apply to T. C. DUNN.

HOUSE TO LET.

THE ESTATE corner of Thames street and Washington Square; Possession given the 25th of March or sooner if desired. The House has been thoroughly repaired the past season, and contains more than 20 rooms, is well arranged for a Boarding House; its location being unsurpassed for that business. There are 4 Shops in the basement, which will be let with the House if desired. For terms &c., apply to JOSEPH CASE, on the Premises.

Newport, Feb. 20, 1847.

For Sale or to Let.

ONE HALF of the Wyatt house, situated in Middletown, about 3 miles from Newport, together with the front door yard, Garden, Orchard, and barn yard, with a crib thereon standing.

LIKEWISE FOR SALE, a lot of Land containing 134 acres, bounded northerly on land late of Nathaniel Wyatt, easterly on land of the heirs of Jonathan Smith, southerly on a road, and easterly on land of Nathaniel Wyatt.

For terms apply to PETER P. REMINGTON, April 10, 1847.

For Sale or To Let.

VOSE'S TOWN STREET COTTAGE, containing 14 rooms, with a Stable, Store house, &c. Possession given the 1st of May.

Newport, March 20, 1847.

May 20th.

SUMMER GOODS.

W. M. C. COZZENS & CO.

WOULD respectfully invite the attention of purchasers to a free and full examination of their large and beautiful assortment of reasonable and fashionable

SUMMER GOODS.

embracing a very carefully selected Stock of such articles as are freely selling at the most fashionable and popular stores in Broadway,—consisting in part of—

RICH FOULARD SILKS, warranted to wash, RICH STRIPED AND PLAIN SILKS, PARIS PRINTED BAREGES, EMBROIDERED DO., SATIN PLAID GRENADINE.—Beautiful, SILK TISSUE, EMBROIDERED MUSLIN DRESSES, FRENCH LAWNS & GINGHAMS, SUMMER SHAWLS AND SCARFS, WROUGHT COLLARS & CAPES, ELEGANT WHITE FIG. HAT RIBBONS, COLORED DO., BLACK LACE VEILS.

Together with very many nice and desirable articles, which shall be sold at the very lowest prices.

TO LET.

THAT pleasant and convenient House, next south of the subscriber's residence, on the Main street, near the Market, now occupied by Wm. C. Cozzens, Esq. Possession given on the 1st of May next, or sooner if required. The house can be seen at any time previous, by calling on the present occupant. For further information apply to STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.

Newport, March 27, 1847.

DOCT. CRAINS, Spinal Abdominal Supporter,

highly recommended by Physicians, at

May 29.] R. J. TAYLORS

Wrapping Paper.

300 REAMS,—of various kinds,

For sale very cheap at

JAMES HAMMONDS.

May 8.

FLOWER SEED, just received and for

sale a choice variety of annual and perennial flower seed, warranted the growth of 1846, at YOUNG'S, next South of the Town Hall.

MALAGA GRAPES, are to be had at

YOUNG'S, next south of Town Hall.

REMOVAL.

Nathan M. Chafee,

BRASS FOUNDER

& COPPER SMITH,

respectfully informs the public,

that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles in the Copper-smith and Foundry line, manufactured and repaired.

SEAGRAMS and TOBACCO.

Of the following Brands & Kinds

REGALIA, La Norma, La Primavera, Colorado, Havana, Panetela, and Principe; Cigars and Automatic chewing tobacco, also Miller and Anderson's fine cut Smoking Tobacco, and Pipes. And everything of the kind usually kept in such Store, by H. YOUNG, next South of Town Hall.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the estate which he recently occupied, situated at the corner of Thoro and High streets on the Hill.

The House has every convenience for the residence of a private family, or for taking boarders; has a good well of water, and the yard and garden is well filled with trees and shrubbery. For terms apply to HENRY OMAN.

Feb. 27, 1847.

RICH SILK GOODS.

SILKS for MANTILLAS and VESTES, with gimp, Fringes, and buttons to match.

Plain Mousseline de Laine, with Embroidery braids, gimp and buttons to match.